














<https://doi.org/10.1038/s43247-020-00049-8>

OPEN

Author Correction: Extraordinary human energy consumption and resultant geological impacts beginning around 1950 CE initiated the proposed Anthropocene Epoch

Jaia Syvitski , Colin N. Waters , John Day, John D. Milliman, Colin Summerhayes , Will Steffen, Jan Zalasiewicz, Alejandro Cearreta , Agnieszka Gałuszka , Irka Hajdas , Martin J. Head , Reinhold Leinfelder , J. R. McNeill, Clément Poirier , Neil L. Rose , William Shotyk, Michael Wagreich  & Mark Williams

Correction to: *Communications Earth & Environment* <https://doi.org/10.1038/s43247-020-00029-y>, published online 16 October 2020.

The original version of this Review contained errors in which the units of EJ/y were incorrectly labelled as TJ/y; the errors occurred in Fig 1b (title and caption), Fig. 3a, b (X-axis), Fig. 4 (Y-axis for row 1; X-axis for column 2 and caption), Table 2 (column 1, row 3), Supplementary Table 1 (column 5 heading and caption) and Supplementary Table 2 (column 3 heading and caption).

These errors have been corrected in both the PDF and HTML versions of the Review and the HTML has been updated to include a corrected version of the Supplementary information, which is additionally attached to this Correction.

Published online: 02 November 2020

Additional information

Supplementary information is available for this paper at <https://doi.org/10.1038/s43247-020-00049-8>.



Open Access This article is licensed under a Creative Commons Attribution 4.0 International License, which permits use, sharing, adaptation, distribution and reproduction in any medium or format, as long as you give appropriate credit to the original author(s) and the source, provide a link to the Creative Commons license, and indicate if changes were made. The images or other third party material in this article are included in the article's Creative Commons license, unless indicated otherwise in a credit line to the material. If material is not included in the article's Creative Commons license and your intended use is not permitted by statutory regulation or exceeds the permitted use, you will need to obtain permission directly from the copyright holder. To view a copy of this license, visit <http://creativecommons.org/licenses/by/4.0/>.

© The Author(s) 2020